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	APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NQ.
	10/611,786	06/30/2003	Jeremy L. Rover	42P17063	1320
	59796 INTEL CORPO	7590 10/18/2007 `` RPORATION		EXAMINER	
	c/o INTELLEVATE, LLC P.O. BOX 52050 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402		NGUYEN, THUONG		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		MN				
,	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office A.A. a. O.	10/611,786	ROVER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Thuong (Tina) T. Nguyen	2155				
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING E - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statul Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting the will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30.	June 2003.					
•						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowed	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) □ Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers		1				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>30 June 2003</u> is/are: a)⊡ accepted or b)⊠ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		,				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/9/07. 12-II-06, 2-3-06,2	4) Interview Summan Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is in response to application 10/611,786 filed 6/30/03. Claims 1-25 are pending and represent system and method for the design and description of networks.

Specification

2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 4. Claims 6 &19 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. It's unclear to the examiner what is the starting position on the network indicate? Listing the starting point for the listed node or what? How do you determined that?

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 6. Claims 5-9, 11-13, 15-21, 23-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Solomon Patent No. 2003/0112808 A1. Solomon teaches the invention as claimed including automatic configuration of IP tunnels (see abstract).
- 7. As to claim 1, Solomon teaches a method for describing a network comprising: categorizing a subnet into a subnet grouping, wherein subnets within a subnet grouping can route to one another (figure 1 & 5; page 1, paragraph 5-6; page 7, paragraph 91; Solomon discloses that the method of classified the subnets into different groups);

providing a subnet subsection for the subnet within the categorized subnet grouping (figure 3; page 2, paragraph 9; page 7, paragraph 86; Solomon discloses that the method of listing the routing information for each group of subnets); and

specifying a network topology type section in the provided subnet subsection (page 3, paragraph 23; page 8, paragraph 93; Solomon discloses that the method of mapping the topology to the specific subnets or hosts).

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- 8. As to claim 5, Solomon teaches the method as recited in claim 1, wherein providing a list of nodes, the list including at least one node (page 3, paragraph 21; page 8, paragraph 95; Solomon discloses that the method of listing of all the subnets and addresses corresponding to the table).
- 9. As to claim 6, Solomon teaches the method as recited in claim 5, wherein providing the list of nodes further comprises providing a starting position on the network for the listed node (figure 1).
- 10. As to claim 7, Solomon teaches the method as recited in claim 5, wherein providing the list of nodes comprises providing the list of nodes within the specified network topology type subsection (figure 4; page 8, paragraph 94; Solomon discloses that the method of mapping the listing of the subnets with the topology).
- 11. As to claim 8, Solomon teaches the method as recited in claim 1, wherein categorizing the subnet into a subnet grouping comprises categorizing the subnet into an internal subnet grouping or an external subnet grouping (page 3, paragraph 23; Solomon discloses that the method of mapping table of all the external subnets within the network).
- 12. As to claim 9, Solomon teaches the method as recited in claim 8, comprises: placing the subnet in the external subnet grouping, if the subnet is associated with an external interface of a Virtual Private Network (VPN) (page 2, paragraph 10; Solomon discloses that the method of using the VPN to control the access and encryption); and

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placing the subnet in the internal subnet grouping, if subnet is associated with an internal interface of the VPN (page 2, paragraph 11; Solomon discloses that the method of configuring the VPN and the tunnels for the system).

13. As to claim 11, Solomon teaches a network comprising:

a first network component to receive a request for a network configuration figure 4 & 7); and

a second network component in electrical communication with the first network component to provide the request for the network configuration, the second network component having a processor and logic executable thereon to

categorize a subnet into a subnet grouping, wherein subnets within a subnet grouping can route to one another (figure 1 & 5; page 1, paragraph 5-6; page 7, paragraph 91; Solomon discloses that the network of classified the subnets into different groups);

provide a subnet subsection for the subnet within the categorized subnet grouping (figure 3; page 2, paragraph 9; page 7, paragraph 86; Solomon discloses that the network of listing the routing information for each group of subnets); and

specify a network topology type subsection in the provided subnet subsection (page 3, paragraph 23; page 8, paragraph 93; Solomon discloses that the network of mapping the topology to the specific subnets or hosts).

14. As to claim 12, Solomon teaches the network as recited in claim 11, wherein the second network component having the processor and logic executable thereon further comprises logic executable thereon to: provide a list of nodes, the list including at least

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one node (page 3, paragraph 21; page 8, paragraph 95; Solomon discloses that the network of listing of all the subnets and addresses corresponding to the table).

- 15. As to claim 13, Solomon teaches the network as recited in claim 12, wherein to provide the list of nodes comprises to provide the list of nodes within the specified network topology type subsection (figure 4; page 8, paragraph 94; Solomon discloses that the network of mapping the listing of the subnets with the topology).
- 16. As to claim 15, Solomon teaches the network as recited in claim 11, wherein the second network component is a control node (page 3, paragraph 25; Solomon discloses that the network of listing all the list of active nodes and remote nodes for controlling the packet transmission).
- 17. As to claim 16, Solomon teaches an article of manufacture comprising:
 categorize a subnet into a subnet grouping, wherein subnets within a subnet
 grouping can route to one another (figure 1 & 5; page 1, paragraph 5-6; page 7,
 paragraph 91; Solomon discloses that the article of classified the subnets into different
 groups);

provide a subnet subsection for the subnet within the categorized subnet grouping (figure 3; page 2, paragraph 9; page 7, paragraph 86; Solomon discloses that the article of listing the routing information for each group of subnets); and

specify a network topology type subsection in the provided subnet subsection (page 3, paragraph 23; page 8, paragraph 93; Solomon discloses that the article of mapping the topology to the specific subnets or hosts).

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18. As to claim 17, Solomon teaches the article of manufacture as recited in claim 16, wherein provide a list of nodes, the list to include at least one node (page 3, paragraph 21; page 8, paragraph 95; Solomon discloses that the article of listing of all the subnets and addresses corresponding to the table).

- 19. As to claim 18, Solomon teaches the article of manufacture as recited in claim 17, wherein the electronically accessible medium providing instructions, that, when executed by the apparatus, cause the apparatus to provide a list of nodes cause the apparatus to provide the list of nodes within the specified network topology type subsection (figure 4; page 8, paragraph 94; Solomon discloses that the article of mapping the listing of the subnets with the topology).
- 20. As to claim 19, Solomon teaches the article of manufacture as recited in claim 17, wherein the electronically accessible medium providing instructions that, when executed by the apparatus, cause the apparatus to provide the list of nodes, the list to include at least one node, cause the apparatus to provide a start position on the network for the listed node (figure 1).
- 21. As to claim 20, Solomon teaches the article of manufacture as recited in claim 17, wherein the electronically accessible medium providing instructions that, when executed by the apparatus, cause the apparatus to categorize the subnet into a subnet grouping, cause the apparatus to categorize the subnet into an internal subnet grouping or an external subnet grouping (page 3, paragraph 23; Solomon discloses that the article of mapping table of all the external subnets within the network).

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22. As to claim 21, Solomon teaches the article of manufacture as recited in claim 16, wherein:

place the subnet in the external subnet grouping, if the subnet is associated with an external interface of a Virtual Private Network (VPN) (page 2, paragraph 10; Solomon discloses that the article of using the VPN to control the access and encryption); and

place the subnet in the internal subnet grouping, if subnet is associated with an internal interface of the VPN (page 2, paragraph 11; Solomon discloses that the article of configuring the VPN and the tunnels for the system).

23. As to claim 23, Solomon teaches a network comprising:

a first network component to receive a description of a configured network (figure 4 & 7); and

a second network component in electrical communication with the first network component to provide the description of the configured network, the second network component having a processor and logic executable thereon to

categorize a subnet into a subnet grouping, wherein subnets within a subnet grouping can route to one another (figure 1 & 5; page 1, paragraph 5-6; page 7, paragraph 91; Solomon discloses that the network of classified the subnets into different groups);

provide a subnet subsection for the subnet within the categorized subnet grouping (figure 3; page 2, paragraph 9; page 7, paragraph 86; Solomon discloses that the network of listing the routing information for each group of subnets);

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specify a network topology type subsection in the provided subnet subsection (page 3, paragraph 23; page 8, paragraph 93; Solomon discloses that the network of mapping the topology to the specific subnets or hosts); and

provide a list of nodes within the specified network topology type subsection (page 3, paragraph 21; page 8, paragraph 95; Solomon discloses that the network of listing of all the subnets and addresses corresponding to the table).

24. As to claim 24, Solomon teaches the network as recited in claim 23, wherein the first network component is a control node (page 3, paragraph 25; Solomon discloses that the network of listing all the list of active nodes and remote nodes for controlling the packet transmission).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 25. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 26. Claims 2-4, 10, 14, 22 & 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Solomon, Patent No. 2003/0112808 A1 in view of Hoskins, Patent No. 2003/0106067 A1.

Solomon teaches the invention substantially as claimed including automatic configuration of IP tunnels (see abstract).

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27. As to claim 2, Solomon teaches the method as recited in claim 1. But Solomon failed to teach the claim limitation wherein specifying the network topology type section for the established subnet subsection comprises: specifying that the subnet is to be supported by a topology that is compliant with the IEEE 802.3 standard.

However, Hoskins teaches integrated Internet protocol (IP) gateway services in an RF cable network (see abstract). Hoskins teaches the limitation wherein specifying the network topology type section for the established subnet subsection comprises: specifying that the subnet is to be supported by a topology that is compliant with the IEEE 802.3 standard (page 13, paragraph 109).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Solomon in view of Hoskins so that the system would be able to develop some wireless local area network. One would be motivated to do so to define several different physical layers including frequency hopping and baseline.

As to claim 3, Solomon teaches the method as recited in claim 1. But Solomon failed to teach the claim limitation wherein specifying the network topology type section for the established subnet subsection comprises: specifying that the subnet is to be supported by a topology that is compliant with the IEEE 802.11a standard.

However, Hoskins teaches the limitation wherein specifying the network topology type section for the established subnet subsection comprises: specifying that the subnet is to be supported by a topology that is compliant with the IEEE 802.11a standard (page 12, paragraph 100).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Solomon in view of Hoskins so that the system would be able to develop some wireless local area network. One would be motivated to do so to define several different physical layers including frequency hopping and baseline.

29. As to claim 4, Solomon teaches the method as recited in claim 1. But Solomon failed to teach the claim limitation wherein specifying the network topology type section for the established subnet subsection comprises: specifying that the subnet is to be supported by a topology that is compliant with the IEEE 802.11b standard.

However, Hoskins teaches the limitation wherein specifying the network topology type section for the established subnet subsection comprises: specifying that the subnet is to be supported by a topology that is compliant with the IEEE 802.11b standard (page 12, paragraph 100).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Solomon in view of Hoskins so that the system would be able to develop some wireless local area network. One would be motivated to do so to define several different physical layers including frequency hopping and baseline.

30. As to claim 10, Solomon teaches the method as recited in claim 8. But Solomon failed to teach the claim limitation wherein placing the subnet in the external subnet grouping (page 2, paragraph 10), if the subnet is to be associated with a non-secure interface of a firewall; and placing the subnet in the internal subnet grouping (page 2, paragraph 10), if the subnet is to be associated with a non-secure interface of a firewall.

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However, Hoskins teaches the limitation wherein placing the subnet in the external subnet grouping, if the subnet is to be associated with a non-secure interface of a firewall; and placing the subnet in the internal subnet grouping, if the subnet is to be associated with a non-secure interface of a firewall (page 25, paragraph 195).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Solomon in view of Hoskins so that the system to ensure the non-secure interface for the firewall. One would be motivated to do so to increase the security for the network.

31. As to claim 14, Solomon teaches the network as recited in claim 11. But Solomon failed to teach the claim limitation wherein the first network component is a Dynamic Host configuration Protocol (DHCP) server.

However, Hoskins teaches the limitation wherein the first network component is a Dynamic Host configuration Protocol (DHCP) server (page 25, paragraph 195).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Solomon in view of Hoskins so that the system automatically assign temporary IP address. One would be motivated to do so to eliminate having to manually assign static IP addresses.

- 32. As to claim 22, Solomon teaches the article of manufacture as recited in claim
- 16. But Solomon failed to teach the claim limitation wherein place the subnet in the external subnet grouping (page 2, paragraph 10), if the subnet is associated with a non-secure interface of a firewall; and place the subnet in the internal subnet grouping (page 2, paragraph 10), if the subnet is associated with a secure interface of a firewall.

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However, Hoskins teaches the limitation wherein place the subnet in the external subnet grouping, if the subnet is associated with a non-secure interface of a firewall; and place the subnet in the internal subnet grouping, if the subnet is associated with a secure interface of a firewall (page 25, paragraph 195).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Solomon in view of Hoskins so that the system to ensure the non-secure interface for the firewall. One would be motivated to do so to increase the security for the network.

33. As to claim 25, Solomon teaches the network as recited in claim 23. But Solomon failed to teach the claim limitation wherein the second network component is a Dynamic Host Configuration (DHCP) server.

However, Hoskins teaches the limitation wherein the second network component is a Dynamic Host Configuration (DHCP) server (page 25, paragraph 195).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify Solomon in view of Hoskins so that the system automatically assign temporary IP address. One would be motivated to do so to eliminate having to manually assign static IP addresses.

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Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tina Nguyen whose telephone number is 571-272-3864, and the fax number is 571-273-3864. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM-5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Saleh Najjar can be reached on 571-272-4006. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Thuong (Tina) Nguyen
Patent Examiner/Art Unit 2155

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER